

COYAN: UTERI: CERVICAL ENDOMETRIOSIS WITH INFILTRATION

(A Case Report)

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A case of cervical endometriosis, which is a rare entity, is presented.

CASE REPORT

Mrs. S., aged 35 years, gravida 0, was admitted on 20th June 1933 for the treatment of leucorrhoea. She was having dull aching pain in lower abdomen, which was not related to menstrual cramps. There was no history of vaginal discharge, contact bleeding or dyspareunia. She started menstruating at the age of 14 years. M. C. was regular 28-30 days. Menstrual pain was moderate. She had a normal gynecological examination. She was admitted to the Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology, Vanderbilt Medical College, Nashville, Tennessee. Accepted for publication on 27-1-34.

Her menstrual periods were regular, average, and painless. Last menstrual period was 21 days back. She was married 10 years back and was leading normal married life.

She had laparotomy for benign ovarian tumor 5 years back. There was no history of D & C or any operation on the cervix. She was well built, hematogenic and systemic examination revealed nothing abnormal. There was healing post-operative scar of previous operation. On speculum examination there was a bluish nodule size of small pea on the centre of anterior lip of cervix. This nodule was having glistening surface and did not bleed on touch. On vaginal examination, nodule on the cervix was cystic in consistency, not tender, did not bleed on touch. She was taken for B & C and the cure was effected. Histopathology of cure revealed cervical endometriosis.

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